# Wichita City Council Workshop October 25, 2011

TOPIC: CONCEALED CARRY FIREARMS

PRESENTER: **DEPUTY CHIEF NELSON L. MOSLEY**WICHITA POLICE DEPARTMENT

### **Objectives**

- Discuss the staff review process
- Discuss provisions of the Personal and Family Protection Act (PFPA)
- Address applicability of PFPA to City-owned buildings
- Provide Council options

# CONCEALED CARRY FIREARMS

### SHOULD CONCEALED FIREARMS BE ALLOWED IN CITY-OWNED BUILDINGS?

### **The Staff Review Process**

- Three meetings: 9-16-11, 9-23-11 and 10-19-11
- Staff were given copies of property lists
- The law and options were discussed
- Staff were asked to provide input for the development of criteria for evaluating each city property.

### **Staff Review Participants**

- Cynthia Berner Harris, Director of Libraries
- Brad Christopher, Asst. Airport Director
- Brad Crisp, Fire Marshal
- John DAngelo, Manager, CMO Arts & Cultural Services
- Sharon Dickgrafe, Asst. City Attorney
- Doug Kupper, Director of Park & Recreation
- Donte Martin, Court Administrator
- Nelson Mosley, Deputy Chief of Police
- Joe Pajor, Asst. Director, Public Works & Utilities
- John Philbrick, CMO Real Estate Administrator
- Brad Snapp, Asst. Director of Housing Services
- Michael Vinson, Director of Transit

# Personal and Family Protection Act

- The law permits prohibition of concealed carry in 16 types of locations if posted
- Employers are allowed to restrict concealed carry by employees.
- Cities may restrict concealed carry in their buildings if posted.

### **City-owned Buildings**

- There are 390 City-owned buildings not including open park shelters, Cowtown exhibits, and airport leased facilities
- City-owned buildings are controlled by 10 City departments
- Appointed boards have some effect on buildings controlled by Library and Park & Recreation.

### **Building Criteria**

- 1. Courthouse or facility where court proceedings are conducted
- 2. Building utilized by City Council for meetings or public hearings
- 3. Police stations
- 4. Buildings which serve as polling places

- 5. Buildings where youth activities or athletic events are held
- 6. Buildings where alcohol or cereal malt beverage is allowed to be served or consumed
- 7. Facilities which are leased to 3<sup>rd</sup> parties on a full time basis, which the City does not have control of the premises
- 8. Detention facilities, warrant offices or booking facilities

- 9. Buildings which serve as licensed child care facilities
- 10. Buildings which are used as community health facilities or provide mental health Services
- 11. Libraries

- 12. Buildings where concealed carry is restricted or banned by federal law OR buildings which house facilities heavily regulated by the federal government
- 13. Building/contents are critical infrastructure, water treatment facilities, etc.
- 14. Facilities which are governed by other advisory boards or authorities: Park and Library boards

15. Building is neither owned nor leased by the City, or no longer exists, and should not be on the list

### Summary

- Concealed carry could be allowed at 111 locations\*
  - 82 Park & Recreation locations
  - 19 Fire Department buildings
    - 4 Public Works & Utilities buildings
    - 6 Garages
      - \* Does not include buildings leased to others
- Concealed carry could be prohibited in 279 buildings

## **Council Options**

Maintain the status quo



- Use staff criteria
- Develop own criteria

# Questions?